

Constraint-Based Workshops

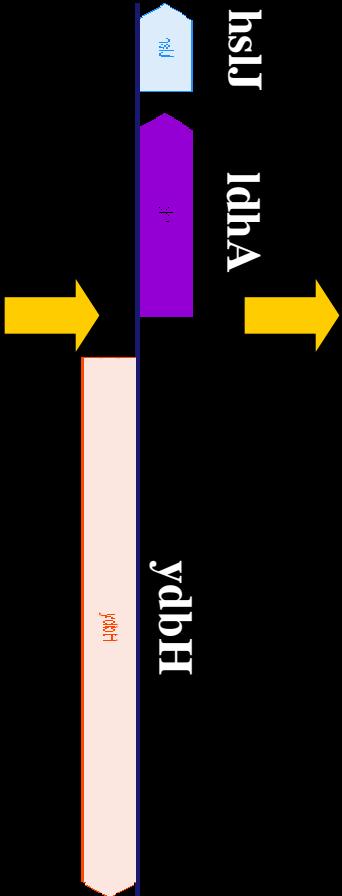
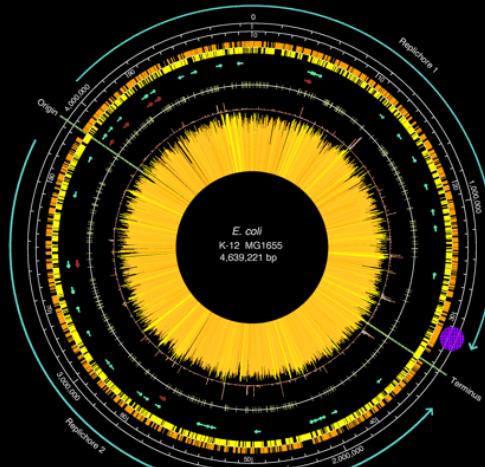
2. Reconstruction Databases

November 29th, 2007



UW-Madison, Chemical & Biological Engineering

Defining Metabolic Reactions



Lactate Dehydrogenase					
1st level: Metabolite Specificity					
Primary metabolites		Coenzymes			
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div>LAC</div> <div>PYR</div> </div>		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div>NAD</div> <div>NADH</div> </div>			
2nd level: Metabolite Formulas					
Neutral Formulas					
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div>$\text{C}_3\text{H}_6\text{O}_3$</div> <div>$\text{C}_3\text{H}_4\text{O}_3$</div> <div>$\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{26}\text{N}_7\text{O}_{14}\text{P}_2$</div> <div>$\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{27}\text{N}_7\text{O}_{14}\text{P}_2$</div> </div>					
Charged Formulas					
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div>$\text{C}_3\text{H}_5\text{O}_3^{1-}$</div> <div>$\text{C}_3\text{H}_3\text{O}_3^{1-}$</div> <div>$\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{26}\text{N}_7\text{O}_{14}\text{P}_2^{1-}$</div> <div>$\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{27}\text{N}_7\text{O}_{14}\text{P}_2^{1-}$</div> </div>					
3rd level: Stoichiometry					
$1 \text{ LAC} + 1 \text{ NAD} \quad ? \quad 1 \text{ PYR} + 1 \text{ NADH} + 1 \text{ H}$					
4th level: Thermodynamic Considerations: Directionality					
$1 \text{ LAC} + 1 \text{ NAD} \leftrightarrow 1 \text{ PYR} + 1 \text{ NADH} + 1 \text{ H}$					
5th level: Localization					
prokaryotes <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; margin-top: 10px;"> <div>[c]: cytoplasm</div> <div>[n]: nucleus</div> <div>[m]: mitochondria</div> <div>[e]: extracellular</div> <div>[g]: golgi apparatus</div> <div>[x]: peroxisome</div> <div>[p]: periplasm</div> <div>[v]: vacuole</div> <div>[h]: chloroplast</div> <div>[l]: lysosome</div> <div>[r]: endoplasmic reticulum</div> </div>					
<i>eukaryotes</i>					
1 LAC [c] + 1 NAD [c] \leftrightarrow 1 PYR [c] + 1 NADH [c] + 1 H [c]					

STEPWISE INCORPORATION OF INFORMATION

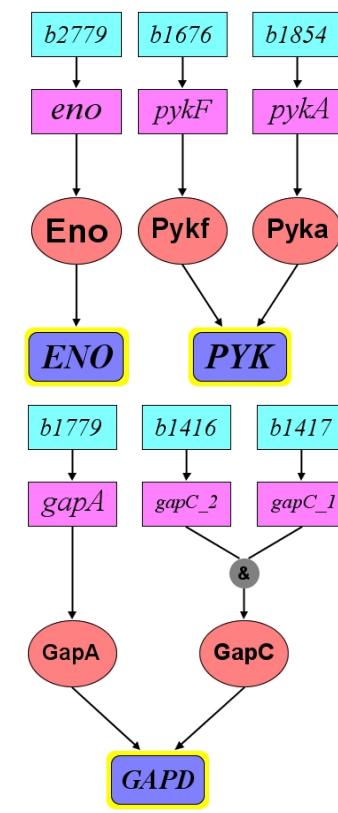


Network Assembly and Representation

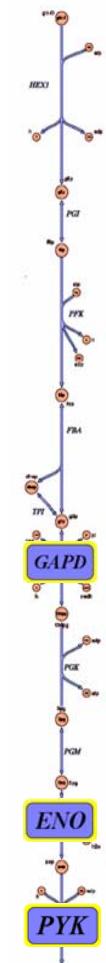
Reconstruction of Glycolytic Pathway

Abbr.	Glycolytic Reactions	Genes
HEX1	[c]glc +atp → g6p + adp	glk
PGI	[c]g6p ↔ f6p	pgi
PFK	[c]atp + f6p → adp + fdp + h	pfkA, pfkB
FBA	[c]fdp ↔ dhap + g3p	fbaA, fbaB
TPI	[c]dhap ↔ g3p	tpiA
GAPD	[c]g3p + nad + pi ↔ 13dpg + h + nadh	gapA, gapC_1, gapC_2
PGK	[c]13dpg + adp ↔ 3pg + atp	pgk
PGM	[c]3pg ↔ 2pg	gpmA, gpmB
ENO	[c]2pg ↔ h2o + pep	eno
PYK	[c]adp + h + pep → atp + pyr	pykA, pykF

	HEX1	PGI	PFK	FBA	TPI	GAPD	PGK	PGM	ENO	PYK
atp	-1	0	-1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
glc	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
adp	1	0	1	0	0	0	-1	0	0	-1
g6p	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	-1
f6p	0	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
fdp	0	0	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
dhap	0	0	0	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0
g3p	0	0	0	1	1	-1	0	0	0	0
nad	0	0	0	0	0	-1	0	0	0	0
pi	0	0	0	0	0	-1	0	0	0	0
13dpg	0	0	0	0	0	1	-1	0	0	0
nadh	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
3pg	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-1	0	0
2pg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-1	0
pep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-1
h2o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
pyr	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1



PYK: IF *pykA* OR *pykF*
 ENO: IF *eno*
 GAPD: IF *gapA* OR (*gapC_1* AND *gapC_2*)



Outline

- Quick tour of KEGG
- Using KEGG to reconstruct a metabolic network
- Reconstruction of a simple pathway



Quick Tour of KEGG

<http://www.genome.ad.jp/kegg/kegg2.html>



KEGG - Table of Contents

KEGG2 PATHWAY GENES LIGAND BRITE XML API DBGET

Generalized KEGG

Content	Database	Search & Compute	DBGET Search
Pathway information	KEGG PATHWAY	Search objects in KEGG pathways Color objects in KEGG pathways KEGG pathways in XML	PATHWAY
Genomic information	KEGG GENES	BLAST search against GENES/GENOME FASTA search against GENES/GENOME KEGG EXPRESSION	GENES DGENES / EGENES GENOME
Chemical information	KEGG LIGAND	Search similar compound structures Search similar glycan structures Predict reactions and assign EC numbers Generate possible reaction paths	COMPOUND DRUG GLYCAN REACTION RPAIR ENZYME
Binary relations and hierarchies	KEGG BRITE	KEGG Orthology (KO) Automatic annotation (KO assignment) Therapeutic category of drugs	KO



KEGG's Pathway Database

<http://www.genome.ad.jp/kegg/pathway.html>

KEGG PATHWAY Database

Current knowledge on molecular interaction networks, including metabolic pathways, regulatory pathways, and molecular complexes

KEGG2 PATHWAY GENES LIGAND BRITE XML API DBGET

Go to:

- 1. Metabolism
 - Carbohydrate Energy Lipid Nucleotide Amino acid Other amino acid
 - Glycan PK/NRP Cofactor/vitamin Secondary metabolite Xenobiotics
- 2. Genetic Information Processing
- 3. Environmental Information Processing
- 4. Cellular Processes
- 5. Human Diseases

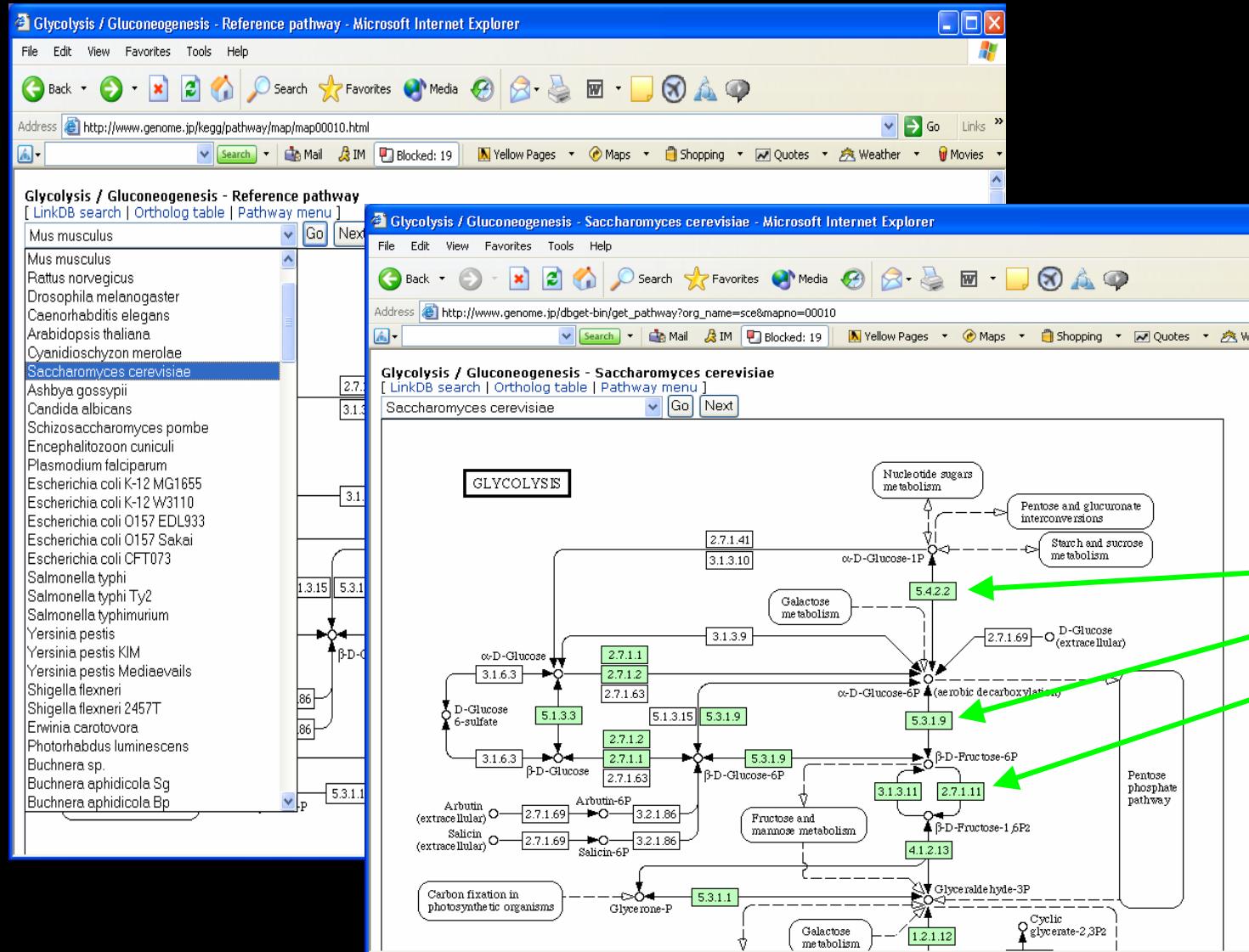
See also: KO (KEGG Orthology) [Help](#)

1. Metabolism

1.1 Carbohydrate Metabolism	Overview of biosynthetic pathways
Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis	Ortholog, Oxidoreductases
Citrate cycle (TCA cycle)	Ortholog
Pentose phosphate pathway	Ortholog
Pentose and glucuronate interconversions	Ortholog
Fructose and mannose metabolism	Ortholog, PTS
Galactose metabolism	Ortholog
Ascorbate and aldarate metabolism	Ortholog
Starch and sucrose metabolism	Ortholog, PTS
Aminosugars metabolism	Ortholog, PTS
Nucleotide sugars metabolism	Ortholog
Pyruvate metabolism	Ortholog
Glyoxylate and dicarboxylate metabolism	Ortholog
Propanoate metabolism	Ortholog
Butanoate metabolism	Ortholog
C5-Branched dibasic acid metabolism	
Inositol metabolism	Ortholog
Inositol phosphate metabolism	
1.2 Energy Metabolism	
Oxidative phosphorylation	Ortholog
ATP synthesis	Ortholog
Photosynthesis	Ortholog
Carbon fixation	
Reductive carboxylate cycle (CO ₂ fixation)	
Methane metabolism	Ortholog
Nitrogen metabolism	Ortholog
Sulfur metabolism	Ortholog



Making an organism-specific map



Enzymes in
yeast are now
shaded in
green



Yeast-specific information about EC 5.4.2.2

KFGC Saccharomyces cerevisiae: YKL127W Help

Entry	YKL127W	CDS	S. cerevisiae
Gene name	PGM1		
Definition	Pgm1p [EC:5.4.2.2]		
Orthology	KO: K01835 phosphoglucomutase		
Pathway	PATH: sce00010 Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis PATH: sce00030 Pentose phosphate pathway PATH: sce00052 Galactose metabolism PATH: sce00500 Starch and sucrose metabolism PATH: sce00521 Streptomycin biosynthesis		
Class	BRITE hierarchy		
SSDB	Ortholog Paralog Gene cluster		
Motif	Pfam: PGM_PMM_I PGM_PMM_II PGM_PMM_III PGM_PMM_IV PROSITE: PGM_PMM Motif		
Other DBs	SGD: S000001610 MIPS: YKL127W		
	NCBI-GI: 6322722 NCBI-GeneID: 853732 UniProt: P33401		
LinkDB	All DBs		
Position	XI		
AA seq	570 aa AA seq DB search MSLLIDSVPPTVAYKDQKPGTSGLRKKTKVFMDEPHYTENFIQATMQSIPNGSEGTLVVG GDGRFYNDVIMNKIAAVGAANGVRKLVIGQGGLLSTPAASHIIRTYEEKCTGGGIILTAS		

ORF, gene name,
reaction
information

yeast databases



Reaction Information

DBGET Result: ENZYME 5.4.2.2 - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back Search Favorites Media Print Stop Stop Yellow Pages Maps Shop

Address: http://www.genome.jp/dbget-bin/www_bget?enzyme+5.4.2.2

Search Mail IM Blocked: 19 Yellow Pages Maps Shop

KEGG ENZYME: 5.4.2.2

Help

Entry	EC 5.4.2.2
Name	phosphoglucomutase glucose phosphomutase phosphoglucose mutase
Class	Isomerasers Intramolecular transferases (mutases) Phosphotransferases (phosphomutases)
Sysname	alpha-D-glucose 1,6-phosphomutase
Reaction	alpha-D-glucose 1-phosphate = alpha-D-glucose 6-phosphate [RN: R00959 R01057 R02299 R033191]
Substrate	alpha-D-glucose 1-phosphate [CPD:C00959]
Product	alpha-D-glucose 6-phosphate [CPD:C00668]
Comment	Maximum activity is only obtained in alpha-D-glucose 1,6-bisphosphate. This intermediate in the reaction, being phosphate residue from the enzyme to dissociation of bisphosphate from the than the overall isomerization. The slowly) the interconversion of 1-phosphate of many other alpha-D-hexoses, and to alpha-D-ribose 1-phosphate and 5-phosphate.
Reference	1 Joshi, J.G. and Handler, P. Phosphoglucomutase properties of phosphoglucomutase from Chem. 239 (1964) 2741-2751. 2 Najjar, V.A. Phosphoglucomutase, in

DBGET Result: REACTION R00959 - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

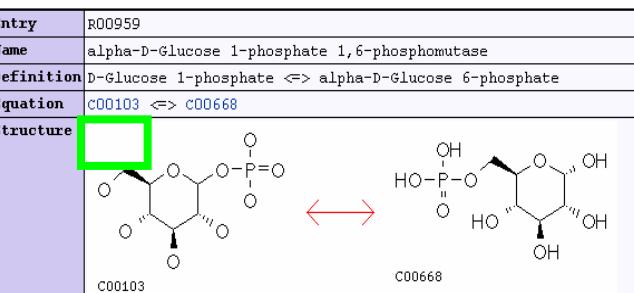
Back Search Favorites Media Print Stop Stop Yellow Pages Maps Shop

Address: http://www.genome.jp/dbget-bin/www_bget?rn+R00959

Search Mail IM Blocked: 19 Yellow Pages Maps Shop

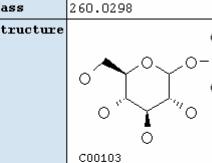
KEGG REACTION: R00959

Help

Entry	R00959
Name	alpha-D-Glucose 1-phosphate 1,6-phosphomutase
Definition	D-Glucose 1-phosphate \leftrightarrow alpha-D-Glucose 6-phosphate
Equation	C00103 \leftrightarrow C00668
Structure	
Pathway	PATH: RN00010 Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis PATH: RN00052 Galactose metabolism PATH: RN00500 Starch and sucrose metabolism PATH: RN00521 Streptomycin biosynthesis PATH: RN00522 Biosynthesis of 12-, 14- and 16-membered macrolides
Enzyme	5.4.2.2 5.4.2.5
LinkDB	All DBs

KEGG COMPOUND: C00103

Compound

Entry	C00103
Name	D-Glucose 1-phosphate; alpha-D-Glucose 1-phosphate; Cori ester; D-Glucose alpha-1-phosphate
Formula	C6H13O9P
Mass	260.0298
Structure	
Reaction	R00016 R00287 R00289 R00304 R00550 R00803 R00947 R00948 R00949 R00951 R00952 R00953 R00954 R00955 R00956 R00957 R00959 R00960 R01233 R01660 R01821 R02111 R02328 R02888 R03116 R04180 R05512 R06018 R06022 R06034 R06050 R06056 R06058 R06061 R06185
RPair	A00196 A00208 A00210 A00303 A00306 A00313 A00323 A01111 A01190 A01192 A01195 A01196 A01197 A01198 A01781 A02126 A02773 A03814 A06201 A07227
Pathway	PATH: map00010 Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis PATH: map00040 Pentose and glucuronate interconversions PATH: map00052 Galactose metabolism PATH: map00500 Starch and sucrose metabolism PATH: map00520 Nucleotide sugars metabolism PATH: map00521 Streptomycin biosynthesis PATH: map00523 Polyketide sugar unit biosynthesis PATH: hsa04020 Calcium signaling pathway
Enzyme	2.4.1.1 2.4.1.7 2.4.1.20 2.4.1.30 2.4.1.31 2.4.1.49 2.4.1.97 2.4.1.139 2.7.1.10 2.7.1.41 2.7.1.42 2.7.1.106 2.7.7.9 2.7.7.12 2.7.7.24 2.7.7.27 2.7.7.33 2.7.7.34 3.1.3.10 3.1.4.51 3.6.1.8 3.6.1.9 3.6.1.21 5.4.2.2

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Yeast Databases

SGD: <http://www.yeastgenome.org/>

SGD Quick Search: Submit Site Map | Full Search | Help | Contact SGD | Home

Community Info Submit Data BLAST Primers PatMatch Gene/Ser Resources Advanced Search Virtual Library

PGM1/YKL127W Help

[Alternative single page format](#)

PGM1 BASIC INFORMATION [View References]

Standard Name	PGM1
Systematic Name	YKL127W
Feature Type	ORF, Verified
Description	Phosphoglucomutase, minor isoform; catalyzes the conversion from glucose-1-phosphate to glucose-6-phosphate, which is a key step in hexose metabolism (1)
GO Annotations	PGM1 GO evidence and references
Molecular Function	• phosphoglucomutase activity (IMP , ISS)
Biological Process	• glucose 1-phosphate utilization (IMP , ISS) • glucose 6-phosphate utilization (IMP , ISS)
Cellular Component	• cytosol (TA: 3)
Pathways	• galactose metabolism • glucose 1-phosphate metabolism • glycerol teichoic acid biosynthesis • glycogen catabolism • lactose degradation • starch and cellulose biosynthesis • sucrose biosynthesis • trehalose anabolism
Name Description	PhosphoGlycerate Mutase
Gene Product	phosphoglucomutase minor isoform
Mutant Phenotype	PGM1 Phenotype details and references Order mutant strains used in the systematic deletion project
Systematic deletion	• viable

PGM1 RESOURCES

Click on map for expanded view
SGD ORF map GBrowse

202000 to 207000 chrXI ← → 205k
5' YKL127W PGM1 YPK1 5'
YKL127W
YKL127W

- Literature Literature Guide View
- Retrieve Sequences Genomic DNA View
- Sequence Analysis Tools BLASTP View
- Protein Info & Structure Protein Info View
- Localization Resources GFP DB at UCSF View
- Interactions

Localization:
cytosol

Gene-protein-reaction
association:
“minor isoform”
suggests that there is an
isozyme



Yeast Databases

CYGD: <http://mips.gsf.de/genre/proj/yeast/>

The screenshot shows the CYGD homepage with a search bar for 'Search Gene/ORF' and 'Search Description/Remarks'. On the right, the PGM1 gene page is displayed. The top section shows the standard name YKL127w, classification as a known protein with 3708 entries, and feature type CDS. Below this is a protein view with PEDANT help links. The 'Closest Homolog' section lists Saccharomyces paradoxus as the closest homolog. The 'Similarity' section includes links to Paralogs, SIMAP, and Sesame. The 'FunCat' section lists categories like METABOLISM and ENERGY. The 'Function' section describes the gene's role in glucose breakdown and synthesis. The 'Interpro' section lists several IPR entries.

The screenshot shows the MIPS homepage with a search bar for 'Search Gene/ORF' and 'Search Description/Remarks'. On the right, the PGM1 gene page is displayed. The top section shows the standard name YKL127w, classification as a known protein with 3708 entries, and feature type CDS. Below this is a protein view with PEDANT help links. The 'Closest Homolog' section lists Saccharomyces paradoxus as the closest homolog. The 'Similarity' section includes links to Paralogs, SIMAP, and Sesame. The 'FunCat' section lists categories like METABOLISM and ENERGY. The 'Function' section describes the gene's role in glucose breakdown and synthesis. The 'Interpro' section lists several IPR entries.

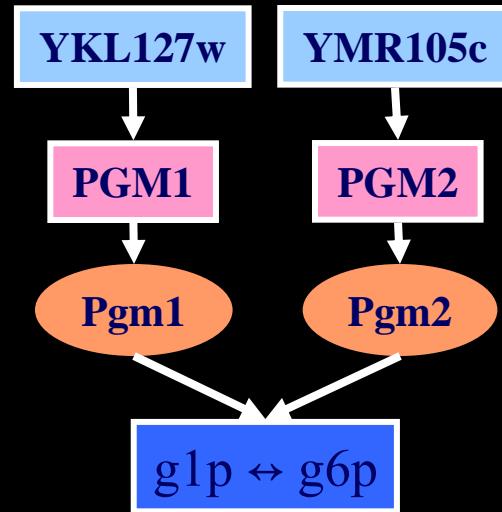
Localization:
cytosol

Gene-protein-reaction
association:
isozyme is YMR105c (PGM2)



The first entry in our reconstruction:

ORF	YKL127w	GPR ASSOCIATION
GENE	PGM1	
NAME	Phosphoglucomutase, minor isoform	
EC NUMBER	5.4.2.2	
REACTION	$g1p \leftrightarrow g6p$	
LOCALIZATION	cytosol	



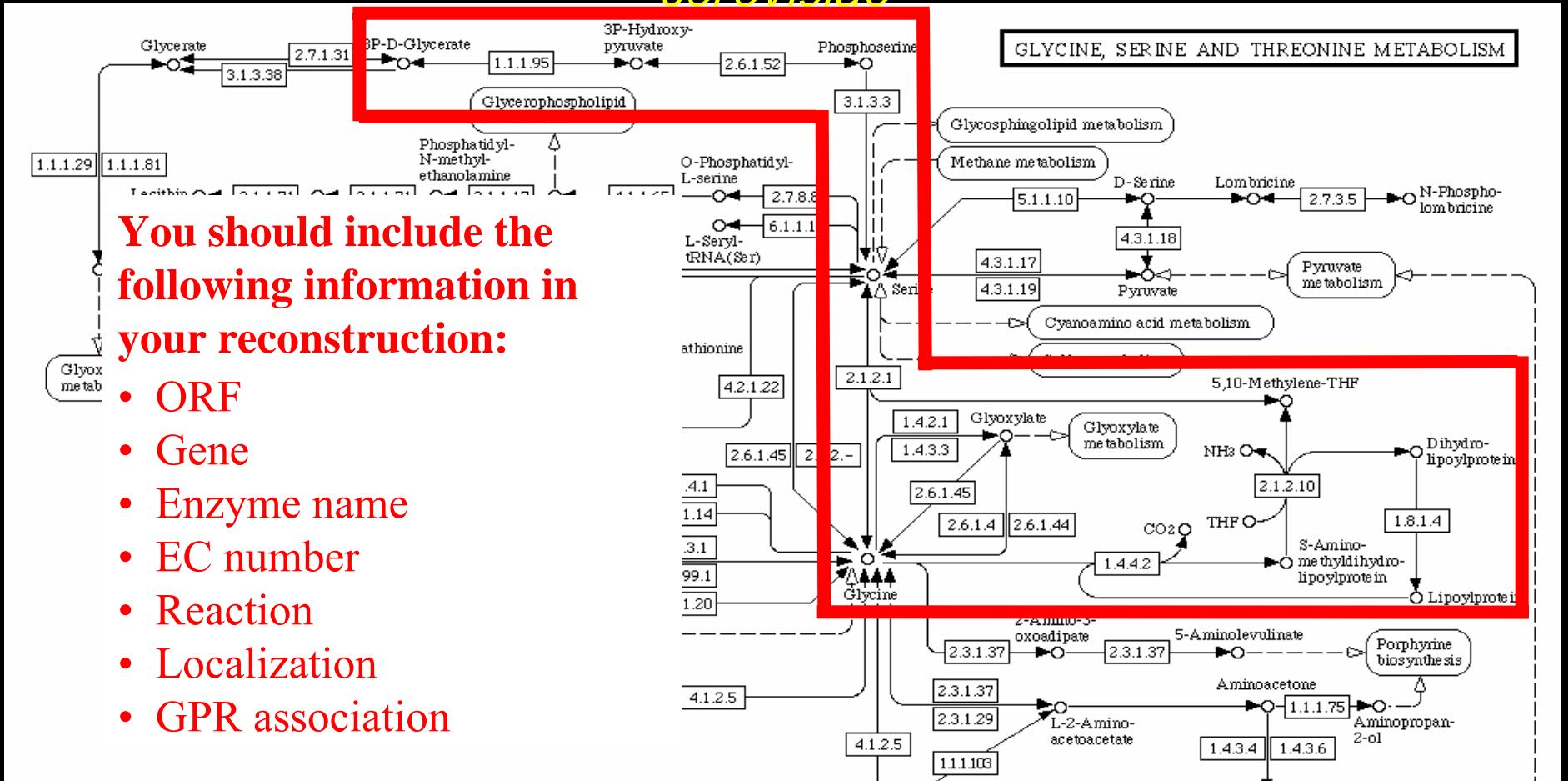
Now it's *your* turn!



Reconstruct this segment of the glycine, serine, and threonine metabolism map for *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*

You should include the following information in your reconstruction:

- ORF
- Gene
- Enzyme name
- EC number
- Reaction
- Localization
- GPR association



Results

ORF	(YER081W or YIL074C)	YOR184W	YGR208W
Gene	(Ser3) or (Ser33)	Ser1	Ser2
Name	phosphoglycerate dehydrogenase	phosphoserine transaminase	phosphoserine phosphatase
EC #r	EC-1.1.1.95	EC-2.6.1.52	EC-3.1.3.3
Reaction	3-phosphoglycerate + nad <==> 3phosphohydroxypyruvate + h + nadh	3phosphonooxypyruvate + L-glutamate <==> 2-oxoglutarate + O-phospho-L-serine	O-phospho-L-serine + h2o <==> L-serine + pi
Localization	cytoplasm	cytoplasm	cytoplasm

ORF	YGR208W	YBR263W	YLR058C
Gene	Ser2-n	Shm1-m	Shm2
Name	phosphoserine phosphatase	glycine hydroxymethyltransferase	glycine hydroxymethyltransferase
EC #r	EC-3.1.3.3	EC-2.1.2.1	EC-2.1.2.1
Reaction	O-phospho-L-serine + h2o <==> L-serine + pi	L-serine + tetrahydrofolate <==> 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate + glycine + h2o	L-serine + tetrahydrofolate <==> 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate + glycine + h2o
Localization	nucleus	mitochondrion	cytoplasm

ORF	(YDR019C and YMR189W and YAL044C and YFL018C)	(YDR019C and YMR189W and YAL044C and YFL018C)	(YDR019C and YMR189W and YAL044C and YFL018C)
Gene	(Gcv1-m and Gcv2-m and Gcv3-m and Lpd1-m)	(Gcv1-m and Gcv2-m and Gcv3-m and Lpd1-m)	(Gcv1-m and Gcv2-m and Gcv3-m and Lpd1-m)
Name	glycine-cleavage complex	glycine-cleavage complex	glycine-cleavage complex
EC #r	EC-2.1.2.10	EC-1.4.4.2	EC-1.8.1.4
Reaction	protein-S-aminomethylidihydrolipoyllysine + tetrahydrofolate --> protein-dihydrolipoyllysine + 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate + nh3	glycine + H-protein-lipoyllysine <==> H-protein-S-aminomethylidihydrolipoyllysine + co2	protein-N6-(dihydrolipoyl)lysine + nad <==> protein-N6-(lipoyl)lysine + nadh + h
Localization	mitochondrion	mitochondrion	mitochondrion



What else is needed in our reconstruction?

- Need to reconcile the different metabolite names are used in the KEGG maps and reactions.
- Need to determine reaction reversibility. Sometimes this can be inferred from the genome annotation, but usually we need to go to the literature.
- Need to identify alternate substrates. This can typically be found in BRENDA, the enzyme database.
- Need to collect evidence. The genome annotation databases are useful for collecting this information.
- Need to assign confidence scores. This is based on the methods used to collect the evidence.
- Need to determine the formula and charge of each compound.
- Need to elementally and charge balance the reactions.



Other Useful Databases

- BRENDA: <http://www.brenda.uni-koeln.de/>
- ExPASy: <http://us.expasy.org/enzyme/>
- MetaCyc: <http://metacyc.org/>
- The SEED: <http://theseed.uchicago.edu/FIG/index.cgi>
- PSORT: <http://www.psorth.org/>
- PROLINKS: <http://128.97.39.94/cgi-bin/functionator/pronav>
- Transport Classification Database:
<http://www.tcdb.org/>



<http://theseed.uchicago.edu/FIG/index.cgi>

The SEED: an Annotation/Analysis Tool Provided by FIG

[Subsystem Forum | Essentiality Data | FIG Tutorials | Peer-to-peer Updates | (New) Clearinghouse | SEED Control Panel | NMPDR | SEED Wiki]
[GOLD | "Complete" Genomes in SEED | ExPASy | IMG | KEGG | NCBI | TIGR cmr | UniProt | Report "Bugz"]

SEED version cvs.1193673521 (Mon Oct 29 10:58:41 2007) on 192.5.200.64



Rickettsia sibirica (35793.1) [1 contigs]
Rickettsia typhi str. Wilmington (257363.1) [1 contigs]
Robiginitalea biformata HTCC2501 (313596.3) [7 contigs]
Roseobacter denitrificans OCh 114 (375451.6) [1 contigs]
Roseobacter sp. MED193 (314262.3) [19 contigs]
Roseovarius nubinhibens ISM (89187.3) [10 contigs]
Roseovarius sp. 217 (314264.3) [37 contigs]
Rubrivivax gelatinosus PM1 (279263.3) [26 contigs]
Rubrobacter xylanophilus DSM 9941 (266117.1) [138 contigs]
Saccharomyces cerevisiae (baker's yeast) (4932.3) [21 contigs]

508 genomes shown [Update List](#) [Reset](#)

Show some [statistics](#) of the selected genome

Domain(s) to show:

- All Archaea Plasmids
 Bacteria Viruses Environmental samples
 Eucarya

Completeness?

- All Only "complete"

Finding Candidates for a Functional Role

Make sure that you type the functional role you want to search for in the Search Pattern above

[Find Genes in Org that Might Play the Role](#)

Metabolic Overviews and Subsystem Maps (via KEGG & SEED) - Choose Map

[Metabolic Overview](#)

Glycerophospholipid metabolism (map00564)
Glycine, serine and threonine metabolism (map00260)
Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis (map00010)
Glycosaminoglycan degradation (map00531)
Glycosphingolipid biosynthesis - ganglioseries (map00604)
Glycosphingolipid biosynthesis - globoseries (map00603)
Glycosphingolipid biosynthesis - lactoseries (map00601)
Glycosphingolipid biosynthesis - non-lactoseries (map00600)



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SEED version cvs.1193673521 (Mon Oct 29 10:58:41 2007) on 192.5.200

[FIG search](#)

Relevant Sequences for *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (baker's yeast)

EC	name	genes
1.1.1.3	homoserine dehydrogenase	2035 , 3649
1.1.1.95	phosphoglycerate dehydrogenase	1718 , 2074
1.2.1.11	aspartate-semialdehyde dehydrogenase	1191
1.8.1.4	dihydrolipoamide dehydrogenase	2263 , 6442
2.1.2.1	glycine hydroxymethyltransferase	4150 , 538
2.3.1.37	5-aminolevulinate synthase	1275
2.6.1.52	phosphoserine transaminase	5935
2.7.1.31	glycerate kinase	2849
2.7.1.32	choline kinase	4227
2.7.1.39	homoserine kinase	3036
2.7.2.4	aspartate kinase	2035
2.7.8.8	CDP-diacylglycerol-serine O-phosphatidyltransferase	2004
4.2.3.1	threonine synthase	710
4.3.1.19	threonine ammonia-lyase	
4.4.1.1	cystathionine γ -lyase	
6.1.1.11	serine-tRNA ligase	
6.1.1.14	glycine-tRNA ligase	
6.1.1.3	threonine-tRNA ligase	

[hide](#) Subsystems in Which This Protein Plays a Role

Subsystem	Curator	Role
Serine Biosynthesis	OlgaZ	D-3-phosphoglycerate dehydrogenase (EC 1.1.1.95)
Pyridoxin (Vitamin B6) Biosynthesis	OlgaZ	D-3-phosphoglycerate dehydrogenase (EC 1.1.1.95)



Subsystem: Serine_Biosynthesis

Author: OlgaZ

Functional Roles

Column	Abbrev	Functional Role	GO	Reactions	Pre-Computed Publication(s)	Relevant Publication(s)
1	GlyA	Serine hydroxymethyltransferase (EC 2.1.2.1)	glycine hydroxymethyltransferase activity (0004372)	R00945	35 Publication(s)	Add Publication(s)
2	SerA	D-3-phosphoglycerate dehydrogenase (EC 1.1.1.95)	phosphoglycerate dehydrogenase activity (0004617)	R01513		Add Publication(s)
3	SerC	Phosphoserine aminotransferase (EC 2.6.1.52)	phosphoserine transaminase activity (0004648)	R04173		Add Publication(s)
4	SerCp	Phosphoserine aminotransferase, putative (EC 2.6.1.52)	phosphoserine transaminase activity (0004648)	R04173		Add Publication(s)
5	SerB	Phosphoserine phosphatase (EC 3.1.3.3)	phosphoserine phosphatase activity (0004647)	R00582	1 Publication(s)	Add Publication(s)
6	SerB_SA	Phosphoserine phosphatase, putative (EC 3.1.3.3)	phosphoserine phosphatase activity (0004647)	R00582		Add Publication(s)

Subsets of Roles

Subset	Includes These Roles
*PSAT	3,4
*PSP	5,6

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Basic Spreadsheet

Genome ID	Organism	Variant Code	GlyA	SerA	*PSAT	*PSP
242507.1	Magnaporthe grisea 70-15 [E]	2.x	239	9021	3325-3	
5141.1	Neurospora crassa [E]	2.x	8983	5811	5801-3	
4932.3	Saccharomyces cerevisiae (baker's yeast) [E]	2.x	4150, 538	2074, 1718	5935-3	
4896.1	Schizosaccharomyces pombe [E]	2.0	3638, 4007	175	4303-3	1634-5



Summary

- KEGG maps are a great starting point for metabolic reconstructions.
- Organism-specific databases are also useful since they collect many data types in one location.
- Metabolic reconstruction is a time-consuming process that requires manual curation.

